

Parentkind Manifesto

for the 2024 General Election

Parentkind

Introduction by Jason Elsom and Alex Peace-Gadsby

The General Election is a chance to be ambitious for our education system.

This starts with parents and making parental engagement a bigger part of our education debates. The evidence is clear: better parental engagement leads to better educational outcomes for children.\(^1\) When the Department for Education conducted a major evidence review on the role of parents, they found that parental engagement has a large and positive impact on children's learning\(^2\). Parents spend more time with their children than teachers and have a large impact on a child's educational outcomes, yet they tell us they often lack the knowledge or the time to support them. This needs to change.

Between the ages of 4 to 16 a child will spend more than 80% of their time outside of school, but we don't spend 80% of our time talking about what happens at home and beyond the school gates.

The Parentkind Manifesto is based on the results of the National Parent Survey, one of the largest surveys of parents conducted by any organisation. Parents told us that they are worried about their children's mental health, that learning at school is not enjoyable for a lot of older pupils and that the cost of school is making the cost-of-living crisis worse.

Our six point plan sets out practical steps the next Government could take to tackle these issues that have not been addressed during the past 14 years. Parents are too often overlooked. Just 14% of parents tell us the Government listens to their views when big decisions are made (a figure that falls to 9% for parents of children attending schools in a multi-academy trust).

When it comes to schools providing the help they need to support their child's learning at home, one in five parents say their child's schools isn't giving them the help they need, a figure that rises to one in four for parents with children at a school in a multiacademy trust.

We're calling on the next Government to deliver some practical changes that will help our children to succeed.

1. We shouldn't be afraid of saying children should enjoy school. It should be an ambition, because too many children simply don't enjoy school. The next Government should conduct an urgent review of the curriculum and the way we assess learning to make enjoying school a priority.

Any new curriculum and approach to the way we do school needs to prepare children for life beyond school. A child starting school this year will enter the workplace in the late 2030s when the world of work will be a very different place. Robotics and AI will change the way we work and threaten many low-wage and low-skilled jobs. It is more important than ever that today's children become lifelong learners, not switched off from learning.

The only way that we will create a new generation of lifelong learners at scale is to provide an educational experience today that is engaging, interesting and enjoyable.

by Government when major changes are proposed. Any new Government should commit to independently assessing the views of parents ahead of any major change to education policy or new announcement.

2. Parents tell us they don't feel listened to

- 3. The cost of sending a child to school needs to be part of any new approach to tackling poverty. The next Government should establish an independent advisory body on the cost of school. This advisory body should publish an annual assessment of school and make recommendations to the Secretary of State on how to reduce these costs.
- 4. Schools in our poorest areas are much less likely to have a Parent Teacher Association (PTA) than schools in wealthier areas. Despite this, the National Parent Survey shows that parents on the lowest incomes are more willing to contribute to school funds than better off parents. These schools are missing out on extra income from a well- run PTA.

Our research suggests that parents raise over £150 million a year for schools, but more could be raised and spent on things that really matter.

State schools in most affluent areas are more than ten times as likely to have a PTA as a state schools in the poorest areas³. This means schools in our poorest areas are missing out on funds that could support enrichment activity, access to sport, art and drama. The next government should develop an ambitious plan to help schools in our poorest areas set up PTA groups.

- 5. Most parents told us they think that Ofsted reports should include feedback about how well a school communicates and engages with parents. Ofsted is under the spotlight in this election and it needs to change. A new Government should require Ofsted to include an assessment of parental engagement in any new approach to reporting back when a school is inspected.
- 6. Parents are the missing piece of the education jigsaw. Our National Parent Survey shows there are more than 11 million parents across the UK who

would like to contribute more to their child's school, but two million don't know how to and almost three million have never been asked. If those three million parents (who have never been asked to help) did one hour a week over the school year, the value of that contribution at just the national minimum wage would be over £1.2 billion to our schools.

A new National Parent Participation Strategy should include a kitemark for parental engagement, with the ambition that every school will achieve this new kitemark status within five years.

This isn't the end of our ambition, but it starts the conversation about the role of parents in education. It sets out what we can do to listen to their views and make parents a big part of any future education reforms during the next Parliament.

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www.ofsted.gov.uk/publications/100044

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ DfE, Review of best practice in parental engagement (2011)

³ Parentkind calculations based on estimates of member data.



What parents tell us and why Government needs to listen

Our six point plan is based on what parents across the UK told us is important to them. It is their manifesto for change.

To make sure the policy recommendations in this manifesto represent the voice of parents, we have used data from The National Parent Survey and a special General Election parent poll conducted by WeThink in February 2024.

The National Parent Survey is the largest parent survey of its kind. In 2023, Parentkind commissioned YouGov to speak to 5,126 parents of children aged 4 to 18 across England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.

We also commissioned a special poll of parents ahead of the General Election, where we commissioned WeThink to speak to a nationally representative sample of 1,000 parents in England with at least one child aged 4 to 18.

We need to change the way we do school

The General Election should be the starting point for a conversation about the way we do school.

Our special General Election poll tells us that almost half (46%) of children are bored of school according to their parents. Eight in ten (80%) parents would support a politician who said that how much children enjoy school is just as important as a school's record of exam success.

Too many children simply don't enjoy being at school, something that gets worse as they get older.

The National Parent Survey found that 81% of primary school children enjoy school, but this falls to 58% when children reach secondary school.



Preparing for life beyond school

Our economy is changing and parents just don't feel like our education system is keeping up with the pace.

Parents also tell us they think the outlook is bleak for their children. Fewer than half (48%) of parents believe their child's career prospects will be better than their own, and just four in ten (41%) parents believe their child will have a better standard of living than they do.

How will their education prepare today's receptionaged children for entering employment beyond 2035?

A third (33%) of parents with a child at secondary school are concerned that school isn't preparing their child for the future jobs market. The curriculum is still too focused on academic subjects with a majority of parents (55%) telling us they want their child's school to do more to nurture non-academic pupils to develop practical and technical skills.

Raising a generation of digital natives is a major priority for parents. Seven in ten (71%) parents think that digital skills should be given equal importance in the core curriculum alongside reading, writing and maths.





Parents are concerned about their child's mental health

It is not news that we have a serious child and adolescent mental health problem and parents are worried about the mental health of their children.

Almost one in five (19%) parents with a child at secondary school or in college said their child had experienced depression, a figure that reaches almost a quarter (23%) for children entitled to Free School Meals (FSM).

The amount of time children spent on electronic devices is the biggest mental health concern for parents (44%), followed by exam stress (42%), the pressure to live up to expectations on social media (37%) and bullying (33%).

In our special General Election poll, 71% of parents told us they feel they are overlooked when plans are made to tackle child and adolescent mental health problems.

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The cost of school

The cost of school is a major worry to parents. In a cost-of-living crisis, school costs are often a nonnegotiable part of a household budget, putting added pressure on families.

More than a quarter of all families (27%) say they are struggling with school costs, with school uniform and paying for school trips the top parent worries. Almost a fifth of parents are worried about the cost of electronic devices required by schools.

In our special General Election poll, 39% of parents said they have gone without eating and/or heating to pay for school costs, such as uniforms and school trips, with one in ten (10%) of parents telling us that this is something they do regularly.

More than a third (36%) of parents have paid for school costs through taking on debt such as using a credit card or payday loan.





Parents feel left out and overlooked

Parents are the missing piece of the education jigsaw, but they are underused and overlooked. More than 11 million parents across the UK tell us they would like to contribute more to their child's school, but two million don't know how to and almost three million have never been asked.

In our special General Election poll, more than three quarters of parents (76%) agree that the government should consult parents before making significant changes to the curriculum or education system. The National Parent Survey found that just 14% of parents told us that the Government listens to parents on what they want for their child's education.

There are some quick wins for any incoming Government, with almost a quarter (22%) of parents telling us that they simply haven't been asked to get involved with their child's school, while a fifth (21%) of parents tell us that their child's school does not provide the help they need to support their child's learning at home, a big missed opportunity to boost attainment and help build on learning in the classroom.

 $^4\!Parentkind$ calculation from The National Parent Survey.

Our six point plan for the General Election

Don't be afraid to say children should enjoy school...

Too many parents tell us their children simply don't enjoy school and many say their children are not being taught the skills they need for a changing world. 80% of parents would support a politician who said that how much children enjoy school is just as important as a school's record of exam success.

We need to change the way we do school.

The next Government should commit to an immediate review of the school curriculum and the way we assess learning to make school enjoyable. This review should announce a series of new measures to report on enjoyment of school and not just learning for a test.

...and prepare children for life beyond school with a Commission on the Future Jobs Market.

How will their education prepare today's receptionaged children for entering employment beyond 2035? Robotics and AI will change the way we work and the jobs we have. It is more important than ever that today's children become lifelong learners, not switched off from learning.

We urgently need to reassess the way we prepare children for a new world of work.

The next Government should launch a Commission on the Future Jobs Market to better understand the world of work that today's reception children will enter in the 2040s. This Commission should inform the way we deliver a new curriculum and prepare children for the world they will enter.

Commit to listening to parents when decisions are made.

Parents tell us the Government simply doesn't listen to them. This has to change and parents need to be listened to when it comes to major changes to our education system.

The Department for Education should commit to consulting parents as standard ahead of major policy announcements.

When Ofsted visits a school it conducts a survey of parents but this only happens when schools are inspected every few years. The Department for Education should commission a large scale annual assessment of parent opinion conducted by an independent body to accurately understand the views of parents and their satisfaction with their child's education.

Schools should be required to support this annual survey to help individual schools understand the views of their parents and provide a large scale national snapshot of parent opinion.

The cost of school must be part of a national approach to poverty.

Too many parents are struggling with the cost of schooling. This is often a non-negotiable cost that makes life even harder for parents during a cost-of-living crisis. The next Government should commit to including the cost of school in any new strategy for reducing poverty.

Parentkind is calling on the next Government to establish an independent advisory body on the cost of school. This advisory body should publish an

annual assessment of the cost of school and make recommendations to the Secretary of State on how to reduce school costs.

Half of all parents say they are concerned about the cost of school uniforms. A new advisory body should urgently assess how the cost of school uniforms could be reduced for parents and the feasibility of establishing a national not-for-profit body to buy school uniform at scale.

Support new Parent Teacher Associations (PTAs) in our poorest areas.

Schools that don't have a PTA are missing out. We know that schools in our poorest areas are much less likely to have a PTA or parent-led fundraising group. We also know that one in four of the lowest earning parents regularly to their child's school fund. This means that schools in our poorest areas are missing out by not having a PTA.

Our evidence shows that schools in the poorest areas are more than ten times less likely to have a PTA than schools in the most affluent areas.

The Government has no official record of PTA groups, which means we don't know which schools have a PTA and which schools don't. The School Census should be amended to include a question on PTAs to establish how many schools have a PTA group.

The next Government should commit to quickly identifying schools in areas of high disadvantage without a PTA group. These schools should be supported to set up a PTA through a new government programme. This is a low cost, high impact idea that could make a big difference to schools in our poorest areas.

Ofsted needs to report back on parent engagement.

Any shake up of how Ofsted reports back to parents needs to include a measure of how well a school engages parents. Parental engagement shouldn't be overlooked in any new approach to inspection reports.

When we surveyed parents they overwhelmingly agreed that Ofsted reports should include feedback about how well a school communicates and engages with parents.

This is a simple change that should be made quickly to improve engagement with parents.

A new Government should require Ofsted to include an assessment of parental engagement in any new approach to reporting back when a school is inspected.

Announce a National Parent Participation Strategy.

More than 11 million parents across the UK tell us they would like to contribute more to their child's school, including two million who don't know how to get involved and three million who have never been asked.

A new National Parent Participation Strategy, proposed by the Centre for Social Justice and backed by Parentkind, should create a new duty for schools and multi-academy trusts to focus on parent participation with a nationally recognised 'kitemark' for engaging with parents. The next Government should set an ambition that every school will achieve the standards set out in a new 'kitemark' for engaging with parents. Almost eight in ten parents (78%) agree that having a national standard for parental engagement and communication would improve how schools communicate with parents.

The Parentkind 'Blueprint for Schools' provides a template for any new approach and ministers should build on this.

About Parentkind

Parentkind is one of the largest federated charities in the UK, representing parents and Parent Teacher Associations (PTAs). Parentkind represents parents and PTAs at over half of all UK schools.



Registered charity number 1072833

Our six point plan:

- 1 Don't be afraid to say children should enjoy school.
- 2 Commit to listening to parents when decisions are made.
- The cost of school must be part of a national approach to poverty.
- 4 Support new Parent Teacher Associations (PTAs) in our poorest areas.
- 5 Ofsted needs to report back on parent engagement.
- 6 Announce a National Parent Participation Strategy.